Murray Associates Special Report



Surreptitious Workplace Recording — and what to do about it

Micro SD Slot

Employees, contractors, visitors and spies are the threat. Smartphones, fake key fobs, and mini voice recorders disguised as USB sticks¹ are some of their tools.

Motives vary.

Industrial Espionage – The theft of trade secrets by the removal, copying or recording of confidential or valuable information.²

HR Issues – One-third of employees who visit the U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC) office to file discrimination complaints bring secretly made recordings.³ Katrina Patrick, a lawyer who represents aggrieved employees, says that more than 50 percent of the people who come to her office bring digital evidence. Some cases are settled for six figure sums.⁴ One case is now in its eight year.⁵ Either way, its expensive.

Blackmail – Recordings force outcomes. Recently, three employees bugged their boss for a promotion, literally. They hid a recorder in his office and tried to blackmail him with the video footage.⁶

Sex – Spycams placed in areas where there is an expectation of privacy (locker-rooms, business provided restrooms, etc.). The problem is epidemic.⁷ Inspecting these areas is now a regular part of our client's due diligence inspections.

Tips for Management

- Assume your discussions are being recorded.
- Before proceeding, ask if they are recording.
- Be professional. If you would not say it in a courtroom, don't say it.
- Red Flag When an employee tries to recreate a previous conversation with you.
- Have an independent sweep team conduct periodic due diligence debugging inspections.

Create a Workplace Recording Policy

- Clearly define the purpose of the policy, e.g.
 - to encourage an atmosphere for honest and open workplace communications,
 - to protect trade secrets, confidential and proprietary information,
 - to protect employee privacy. (against spycams in restrooms, showers, changing rooms, etc.)
- List the types of recordings you prohibit. (audio, video, data)
- Make it clear the policy covers everything business-related; on *and* off premises.
- List who may, and under what conditions, create exemptions to the policy.
- Define specific conditions where recording is permissible, e.g.
 - · as part of the manufacturing process,
 - · customer service quality control,
 - when specifically relevant to Section 7 of the National Labor Relations Act.⁸

¹ http://youtu.be/_9sPngNqsfA

² http://www.investopedia.com/terms/i/industrial-espionage.asp

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⁴ http://www.businessinsider.com/smartphones-spying-devices-2011-7

 $^{{\}color{red}^{\underline{5}}} \, \underline{\text{http://spybusters.blogspot.com/2014/01/the-annabel-melongo-eavesdropping-case.html}}$

 $^{{\}color{red} \underline{^{6}}\ http://spybusters.blogspot.com/2013/10/bugging-boss-for-raise-lands-three.html}$

⁷ http://spybusters.blogspot.com/2012/12/spycam-story-664-this-month-in-spycam.html

⁸ http://www.nlrb.gov/resources/national-labor-relations-act

Additional free information is available at: http://www.counterespionage.com/download.html

Want to know more? Just send me an email — murray@counterespionage.com

Thank you,